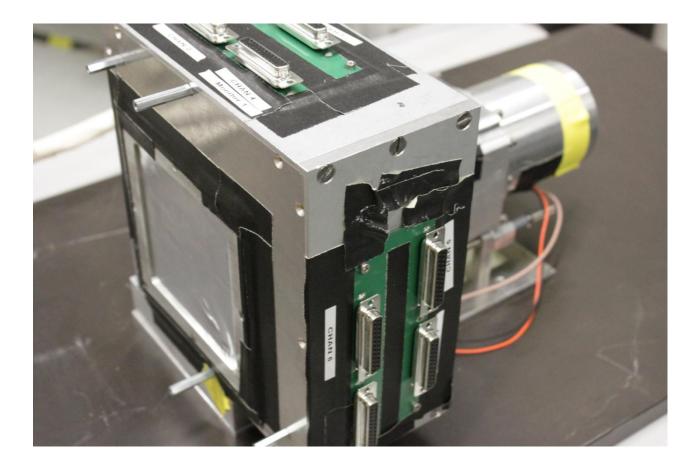
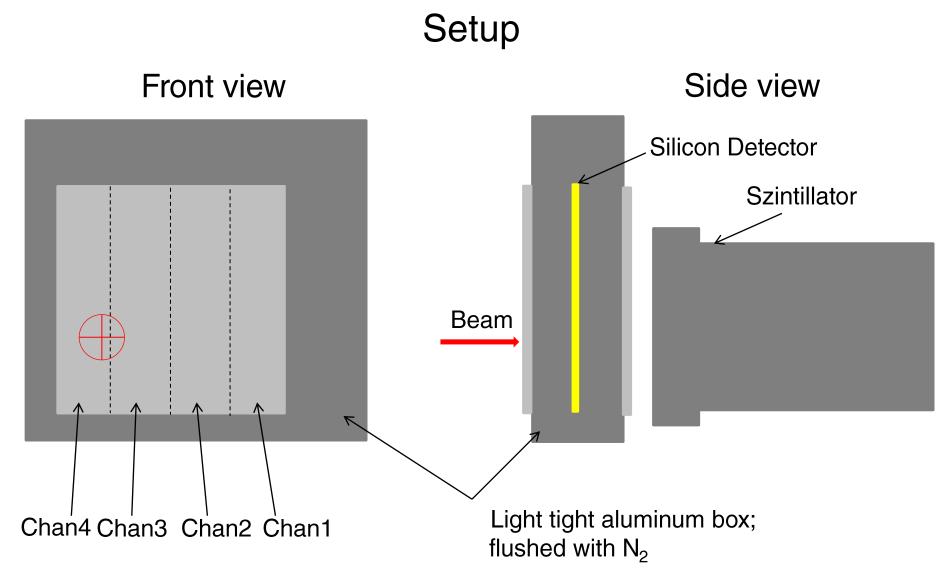
Data Analysis of MLL Beamtime Detector 2814_25

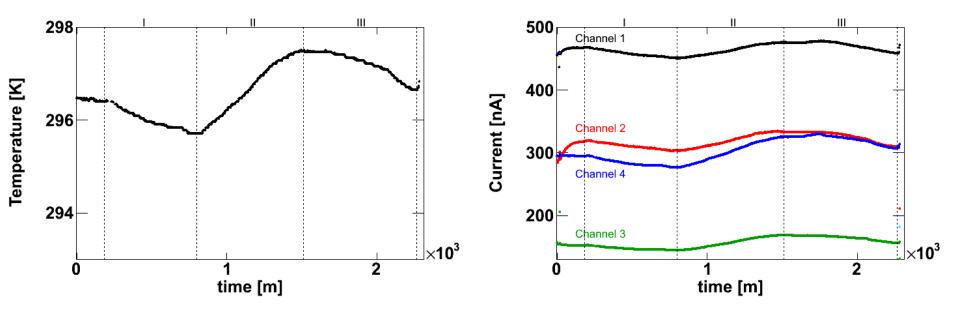




Beam:

- 20 MeV proton beam from Tandem
- 15 MeV protons reach silicon detector (Energy loss in air, aluminum foil etc. in front of
- 2 the detector; calculated with LISE).

Leakage Current before beam (evening 6.6.2012-morning 8.6.2012)



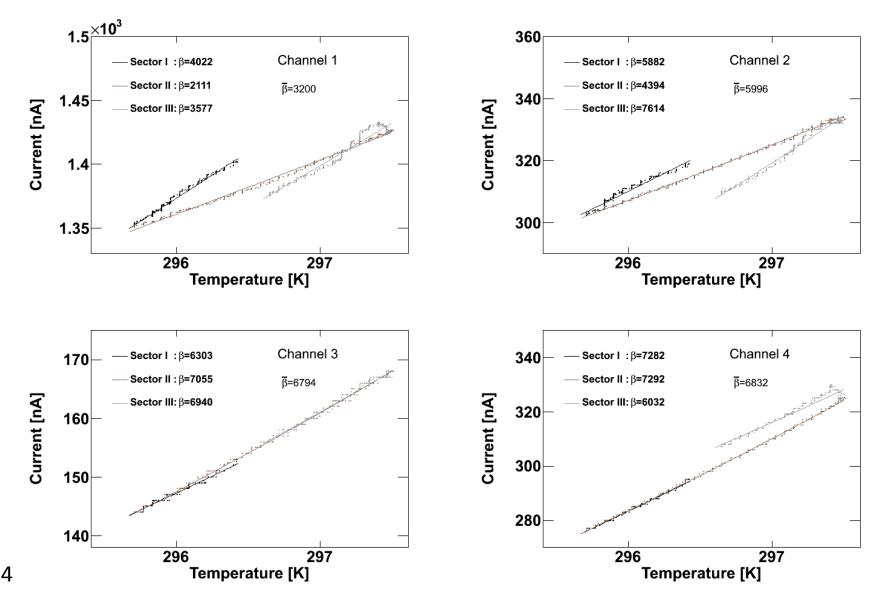
Current follows Temperature! For ideal bulk detector:

$$I(T) \propto T^2 \exp\left(-\frac{E_g}{k_B T}\right) = T^2 \exp\left(-\frac{7021}{T}\right)$$

As we have no ideal detector we try to describe the data with:

$$I(T) \propto T^2 \exp\left(-\frac{\beta}{T}\right)$$
 Where β is a fitting parameter

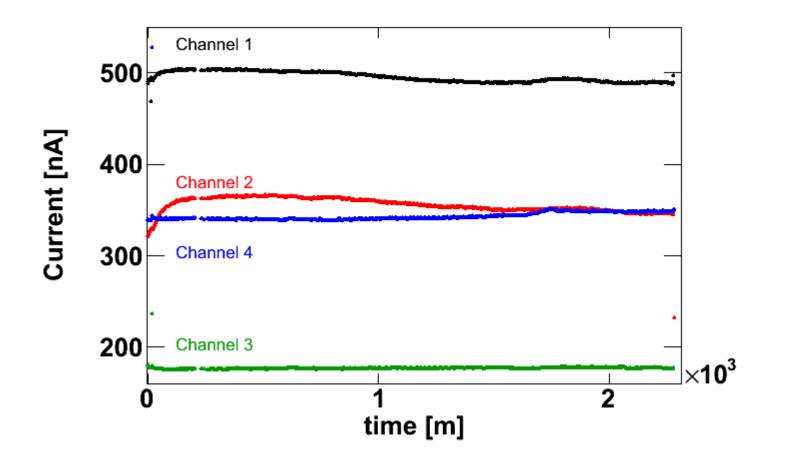
Current vs. Temperature for each channel in the three areas I,II and III



Current normalized to 298.15 K

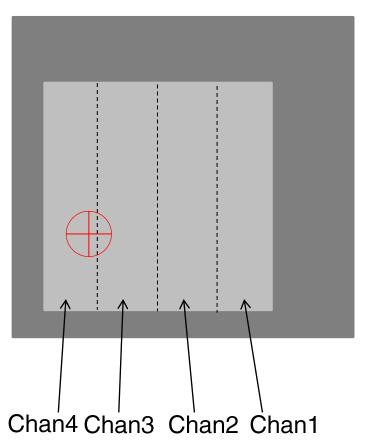
Normalize Current of each channel with following function:

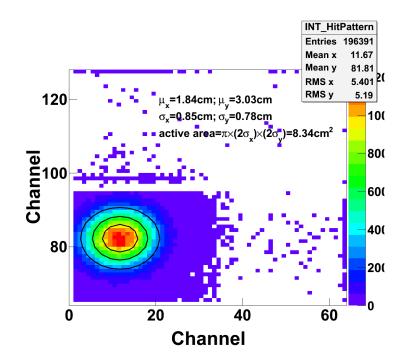
$$I(T = 298.15K) = I_m \left(\frac{298.15}{T_m}\right) \cdot \exp\left(-\overline{\beta} \left(\frac{1}{298.15} - \frac{1}{T_m}\right)\right)$$



Beam on detector

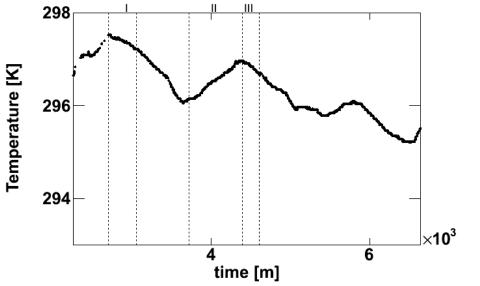
Front view



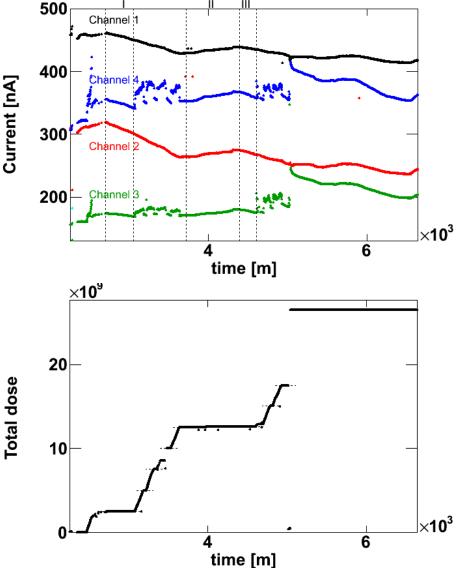


Only channel 3 and channel 4 are hit by the beam

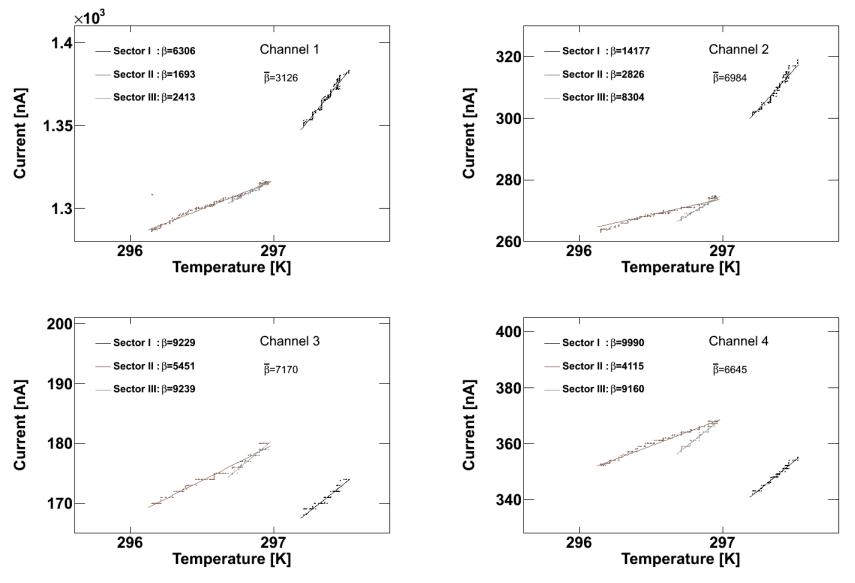
Leakage Current with beam (evening 8.6.2012-morning 10.6.2012)



Current follows again temperature behavior. Steps in channel 3 and 4 are attributed to high intensity beam periods.



Current vs. Temperature for each channel in the three areas I,II and III

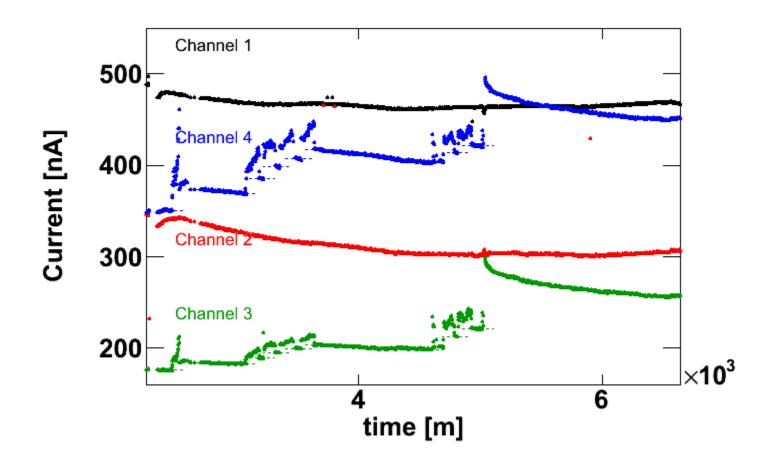


8

Current normalized to 298.15 K

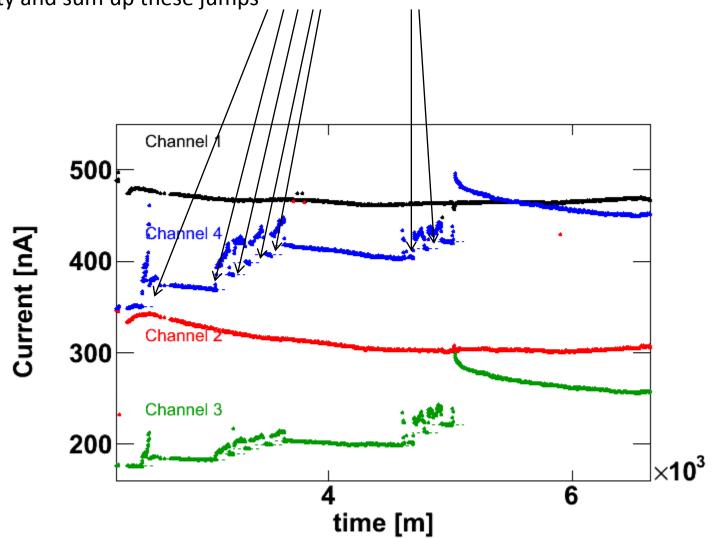
Normalize Current of each channel with following function:

$$I(T = 298.15K) = I_m \left(\frac{298.15}{T_m}\right) \cdot \exp\left(-\overline{\beta} \left(\frac{1}{298.15} - \frac{1}{T_m}\right)\right)$$



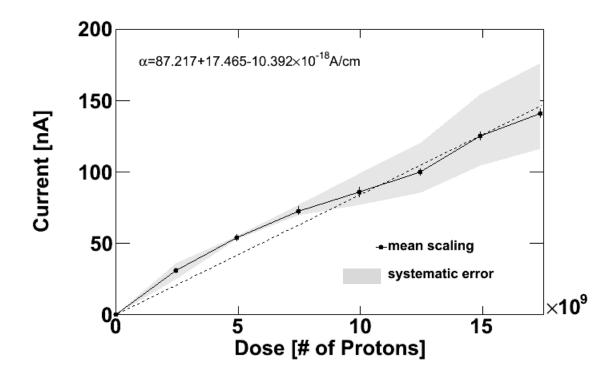
Current normalized to 298.15 K

Extract height of jumps in the current of channel 3 and channel 4 after high beam intensity and sum up these jumps



Current vs events

Draw the total increase in leakage current as a function of the particle flux

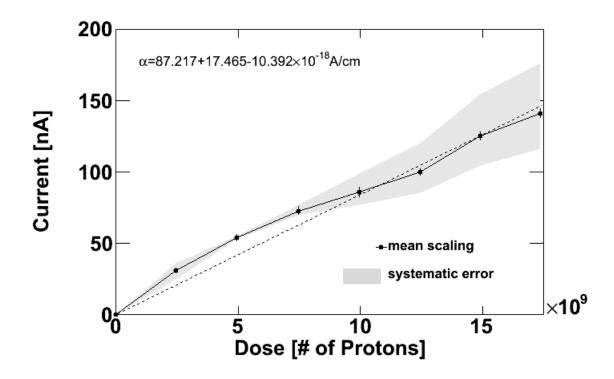


Follows more or less a linear function.

Systematic errors were evaluated by taking not only the average β value but also the highest and lowest β value of the fits in the three regions I,II and III.

Current vs events

Draw the total increase in leakage current as a function of the particle flux



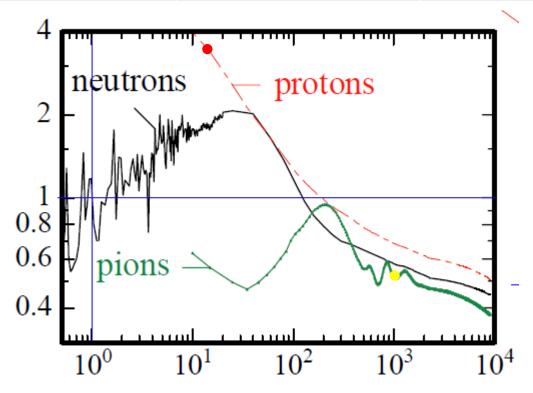
Fit distribution with the following function:

$$\Delta I = \alpha V \Phi_{eq} = \alpha A d \frac{\kappa N_p}{A} = \alpha d \kappa N_p \qquad \text{with}$$

- ΔI : increase in Current
- a: Damage Factor
- V: active volume of Detector
- A: active area of detector
- d: thickness of detector (305µm)
 - $\Phi_{\rm eq}$: equivalent flux on detector
 - N_p: Number of protons on detector
 - κ : damage factor normalized to 1MeV Neutrons

MLL Proton Beam vs. HADES pion beam

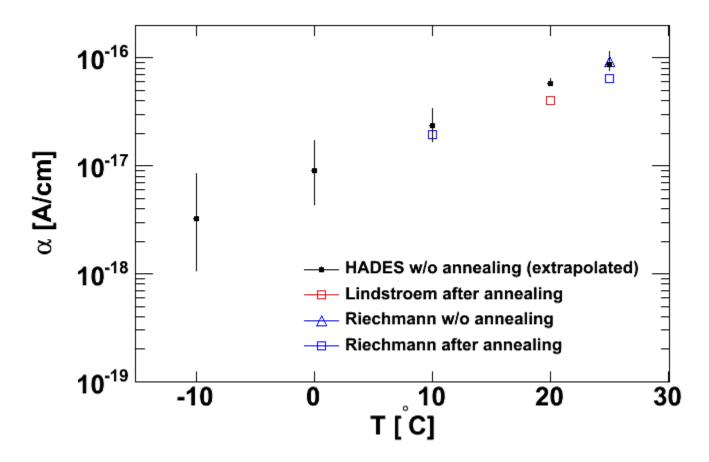
Observable	Proton	Pion
Energy	≈15MeV •	≈1.0 GeV •
к Factor	≈2.85-3.16	≈0.5
Total # hits	17.5*10^9	2.7*10^13
Active area	2.60cm^2	36cm^2
Total flux (norm. to protons)	6.13*10^9/cm^2	1.10*10^11/cm^2



Meaning for the HADES beamtime

- During the proton run the current has increased by ≈150nA after the total dose of 17.5*10^9 protons on the detector with 15MeV.
- HADES expects **2.7*10^13** pions on the detector with 1GeV.
- This HADES dose can be normalized to **2.7*10^13/3.4*0.5=4.0*10^12** 15MeV protons on the detector.
- This would result in an increased leakage current by 4.0*10^12/17.5*10^9*150nA=34μA.
- But this is valid for a detector temperature of **25°C**.
- What changes if temperature is changed?

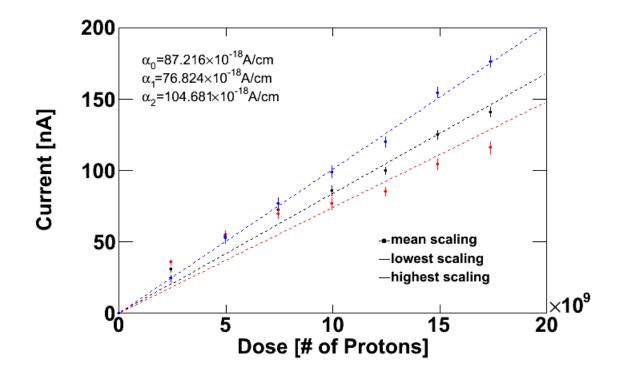
α value vs. temperature



 α value would reduce by factor 10 – 20 if detector is cooled to -10°C. **Cooling is essential!**

Current vs events

Draw the total increase in leakage current as a function of the particle flux

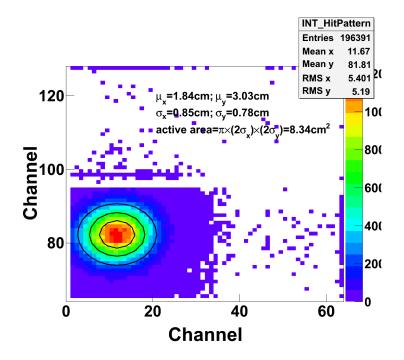


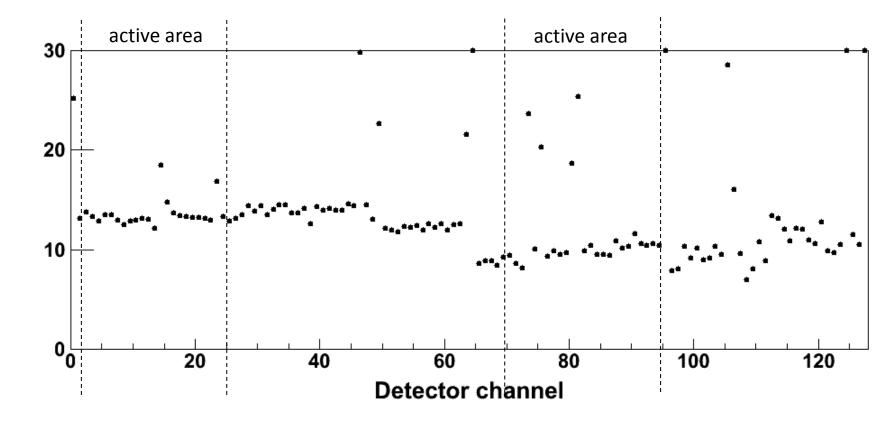
Follows more or less a linear function.

Systematic errors were evaluated by taking not only the average β value but also the highest and lowest β value of the fits in the three regions I,II and III.

MLL Proton Beam vs. HADES pion beam

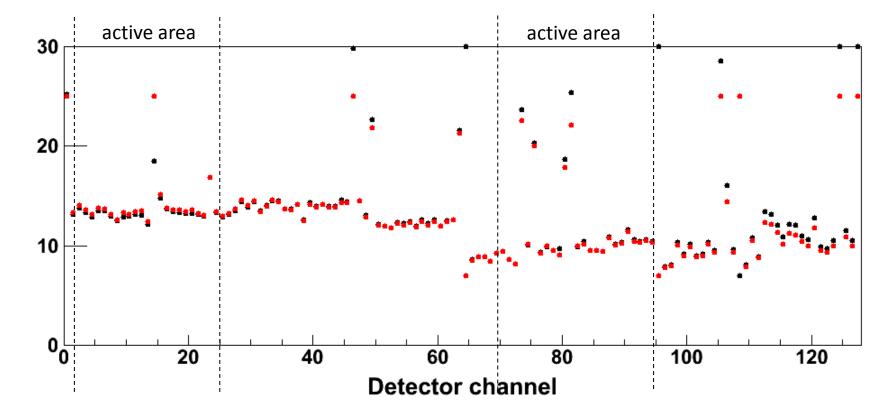
Observable	Proton	Pion
Energy	15MeV	≈1.0 GeV
к Factor	≈2.85-3.16	≈0.5
Total # hits	17.5*10^9	2.7*10^13
Active area	2.60cm^2	36cm^2
Total flux (norm. to protons)	6.13*10^9/cm^2	1.10*10^11/cm^2



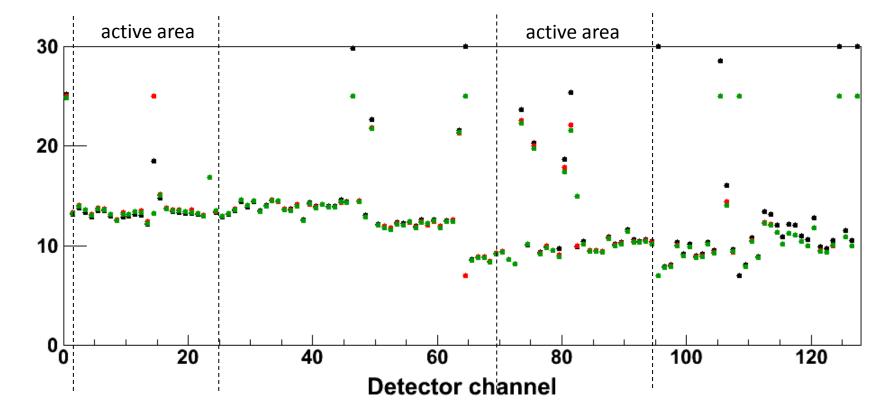


• after 2.5*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.30*10^9/cm^2 (=0.28% of HADES flux)

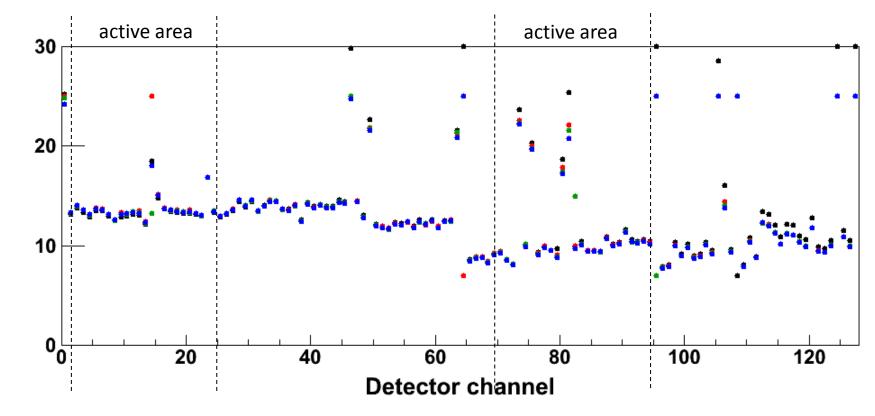
Noise [ADC channels]



- after 2.5*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.30*10^9/cm^2 (=0.28% of HADES flux)
- after 5.0*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.61*10^9/cm^2 (=0.55% of HADES flux)

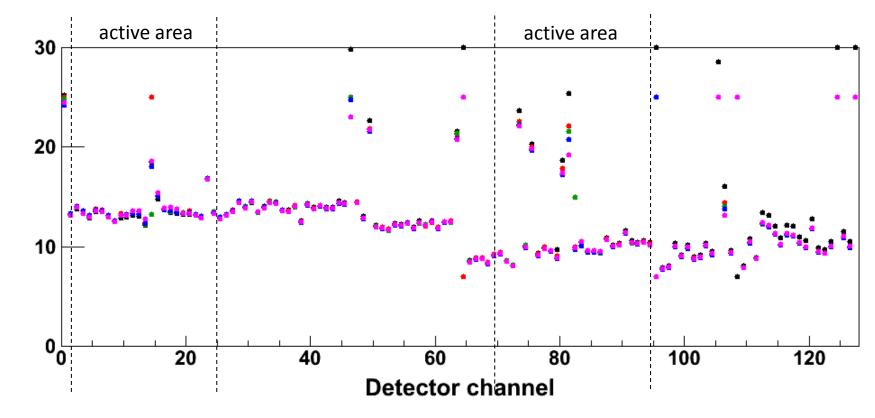


- after 2.5*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.30*10^9/cm^2 (=0.28% of HADES flux)
- after 5.0*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.61*10^9/cm^2 (=0.55% of HADES flux)
- after 7.5*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.91*10^9/cm^2 (=0.83% of HADES flux)



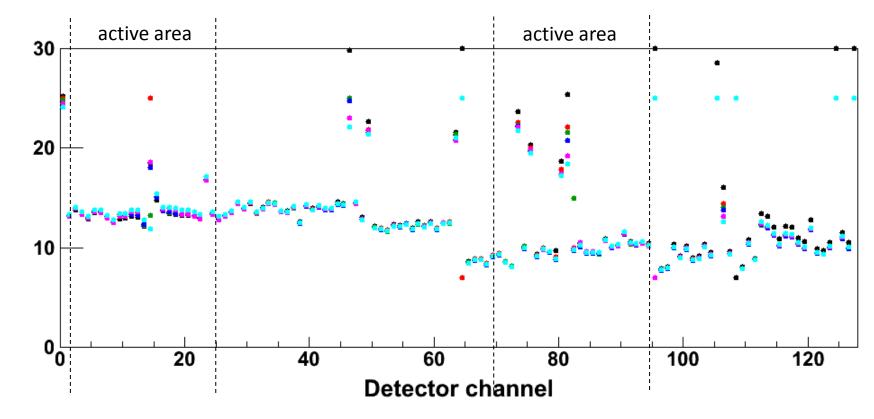
- after 2.5*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.30*10^9/cm^2 (=0.28% of HADES flux)
- after 5.0*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.61*10^9/cm^2 (=0.55% of HADES flux)
- after 7.5*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.91*10^9/cm^2 (=0.83% of HADES flux)
- after 10.0*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=1.22*10^9/cm^2 (=1.10% of HADES flux)

Noise [ADC channels]

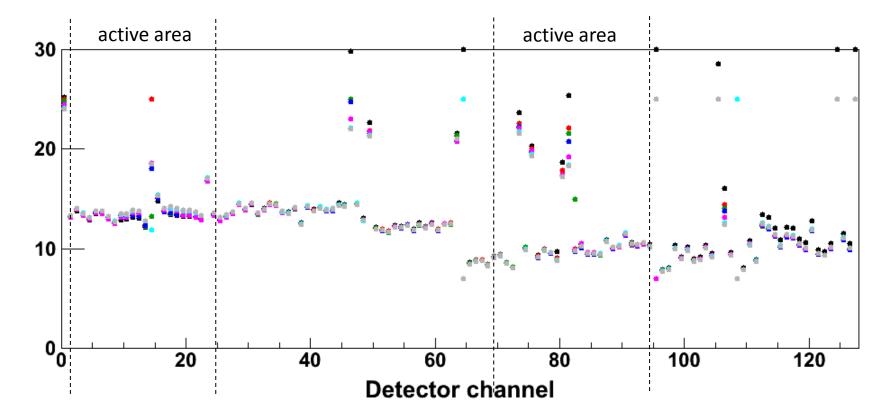


- after 2.5*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.30*10^9/cm^2 (=0.28% of HADES flux)
- after 5.0*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.61*10^9/cm^2 (=0.55% of HADES flux)
- after 7.5*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.91*10^9/cm^2 (=0.83% of HADES flux)
- after 10.0*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=1.22*10^9/cm^2 (=1.10% of HADES flux)
- after 12.5*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=1.52*10^9/cm^2 (=1.38% of HADES flux)

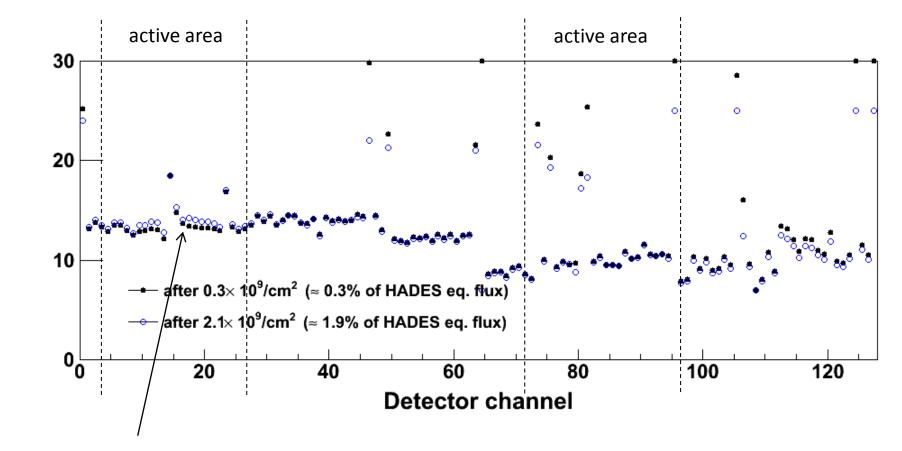
Noise [ADC channels]



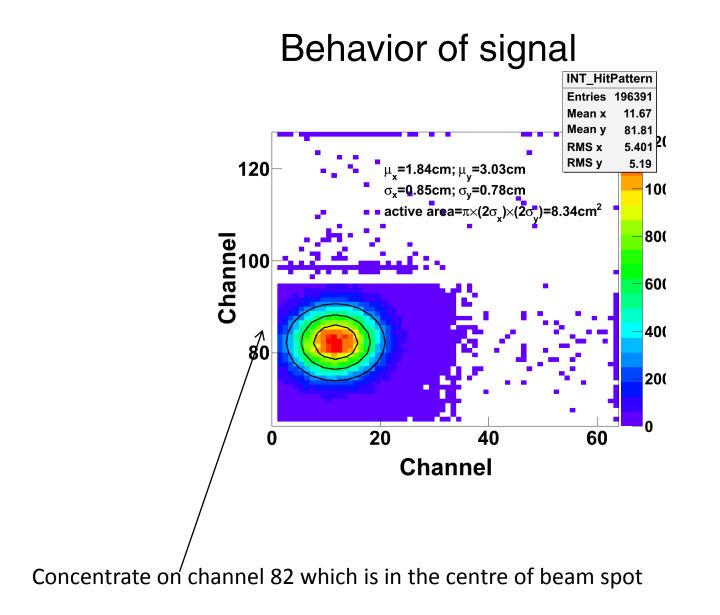
- after 2.5*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.30*10^9/cm^2 (=0.28% of HADES flux)
- after 5.0*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.61*10^9/cm^2 (=0.55% of HADES flux)
- after 7.5*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.91*10^9/cm^2 (=0.83% of HADES flux)
- after 10.0*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=1.22*10^9/cm^2 (=1.10% of HADES flux)
- after 12.5*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=1.52*10^9/cm^2 (=1.38% of HADES flux)
- after 15.0*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=1.83*10^9/cm^2 (=1.66% of HADES flux)



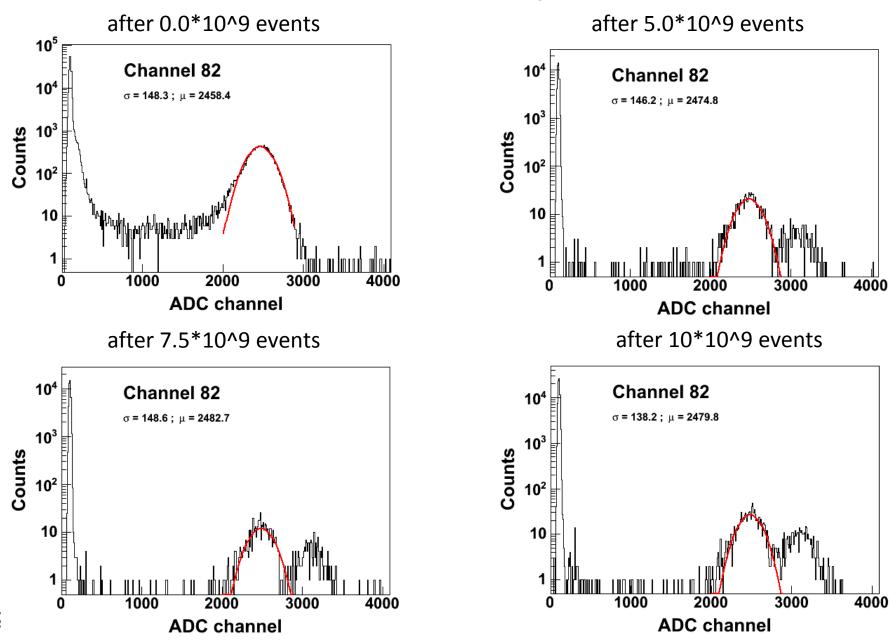
- after 2.5*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.30*10^9/cm^2 (=0.28% of HADES flux)
- after 5.0*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.61*10^9/cm^2 (=0.55% of HADES flux)
- after 7.5*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=0.91*10^9/cm^2 (=0.83% of HADES flux)
- after 10.0*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=1.22*10^9/cm^2 (=1.10% of HADES flux)
- after 12.5*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=1.52*10^9/cm^2 (=1.38% of HADES flux)
- after 15.0*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=1.83*10^9/cm^2 (=1.66% of HADES flux)
- after 17.5*10^9 events/8.2cm^2=2.13*10^9/cm^2 (=1.94% of HADES flux)



Perhaps small increase in the noise (1 ADC value). But the effect does not appear on the other active area around channel 80?



Behavior of signal



Behavior of signal

3000

mean

2458.4

2474.8

2482.7

2479.8

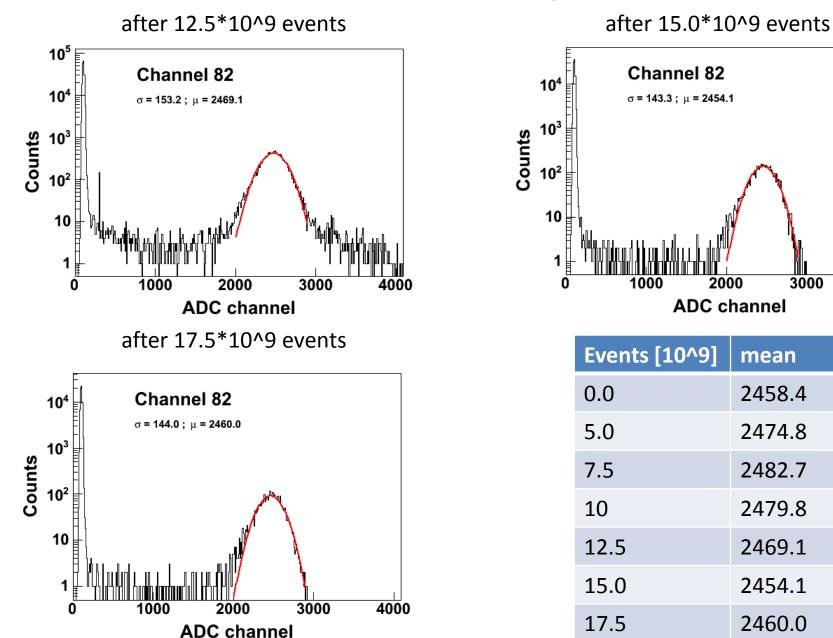
2469.1

2454.1

2460.0

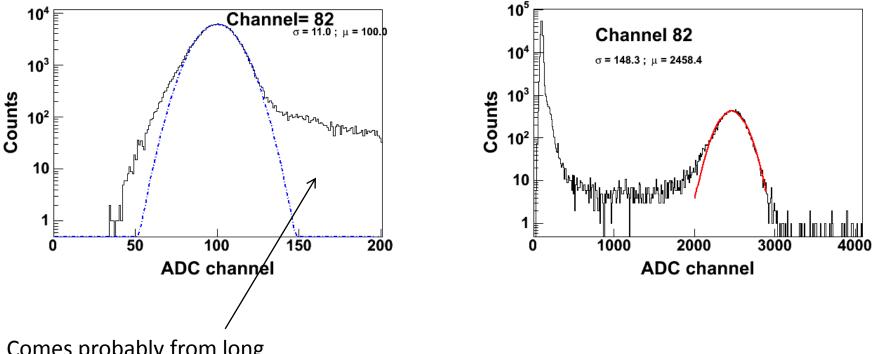
2000

4000



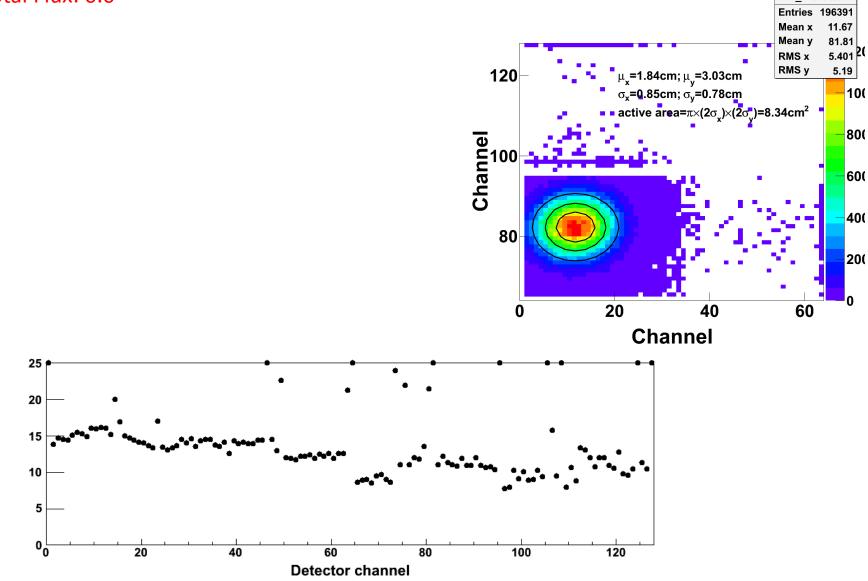
Backup slides

_proton_05: 8.6.2012, 11:35; beam positioned, Intensity between High- and LowIntensity, Total Flux: 0.0

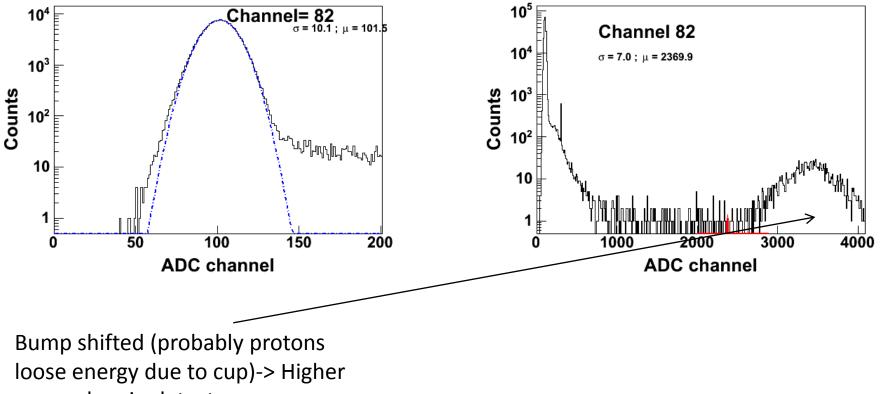


Comes probably from long integration time combined with high intensity (-> no reliable noise pattern)

_proton_05: 8.6.2012, 11:35; beam positioned, Intensity between High- and LowIntensity, Total Flux: 0.0

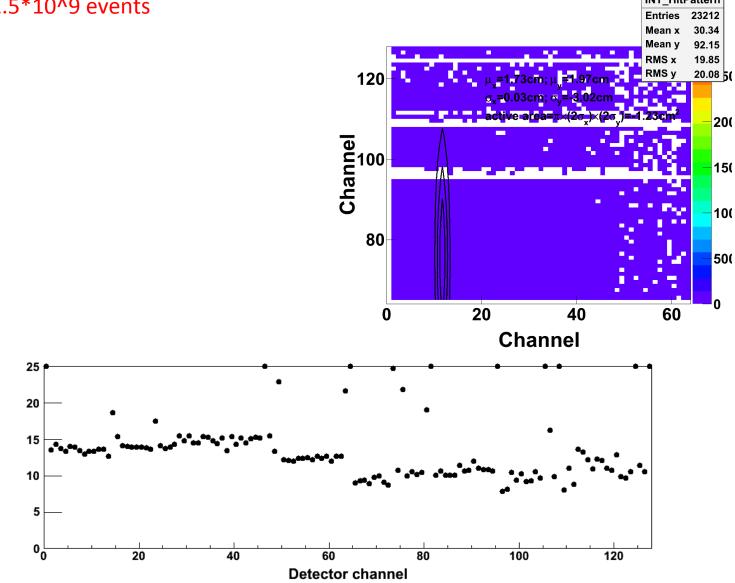


_proton_09: 8.6.2012, 15:55, with Cup in front of detector, no HitPattern, LowIntnesity Total Flux: 2.5*10^9 events

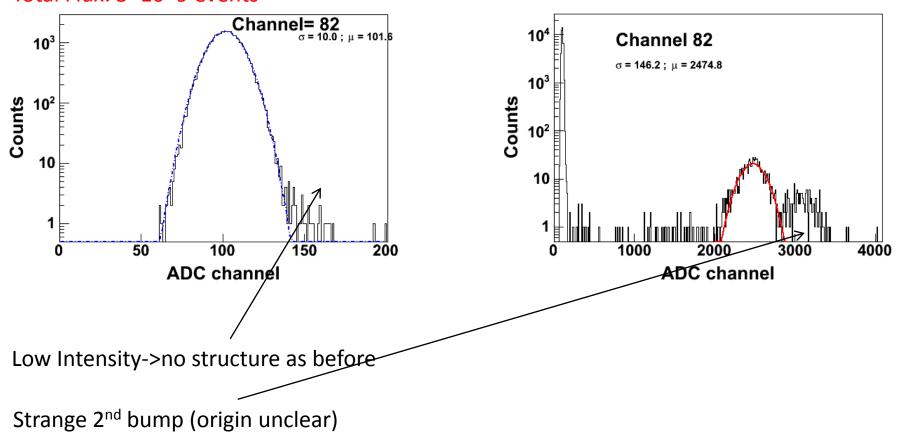


energy loss in detector

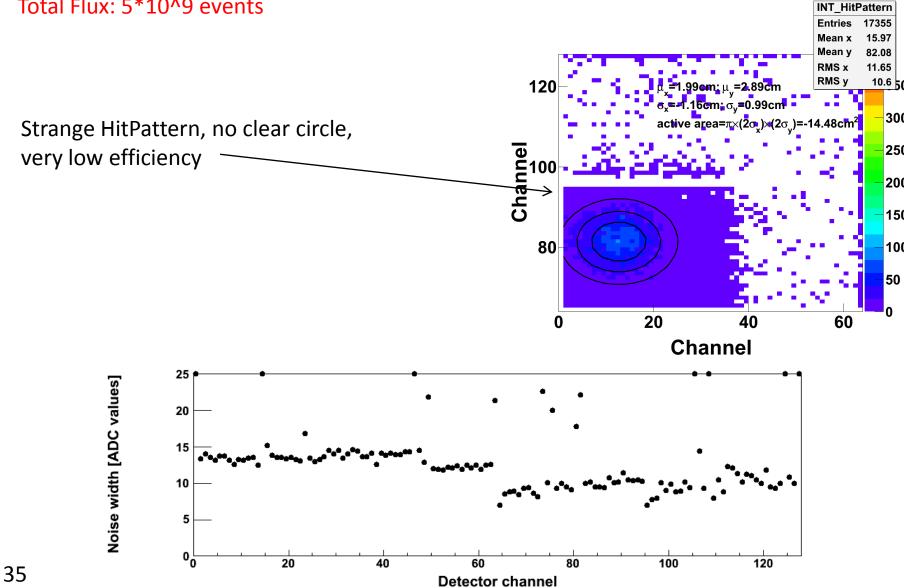
_proton_09: 8.6.2012, 15:55, with Cup in front of detector, no HitPattern, LowIntnesity Total Flux: 2.5*10^9 events



_proton_13: 8.6.2012, 23:50, after 4% (5*10^9 events), LowIntensity Total Flux: 5*10^9 events

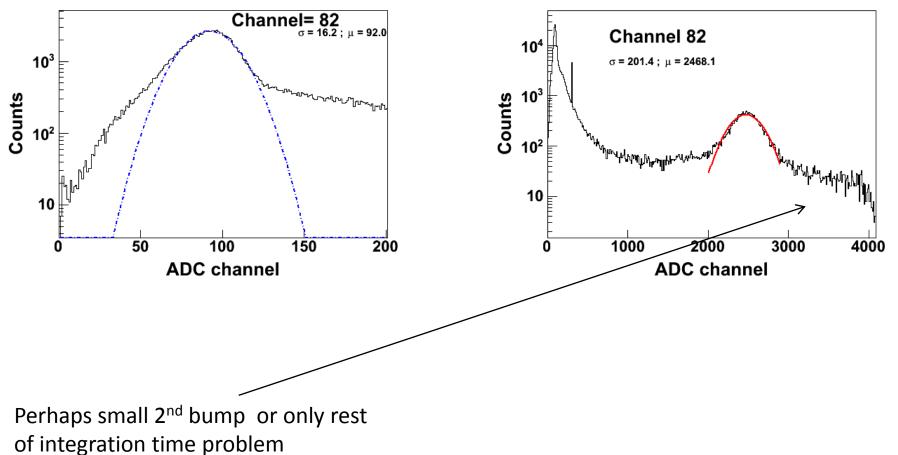


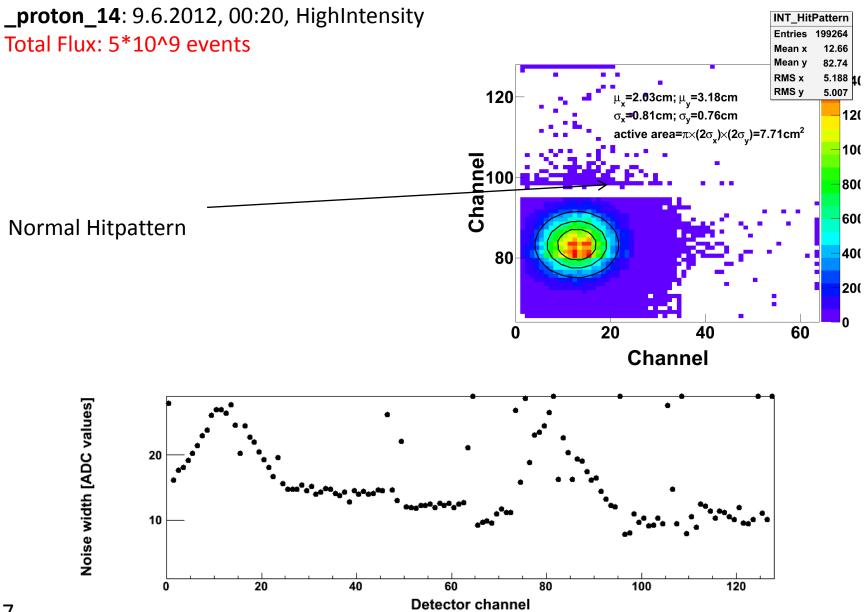
_proton_13: 8.6.2012, 23:50, after 4% (5*10^9 events), LowIntensity Total Flux: 5*10^9 events



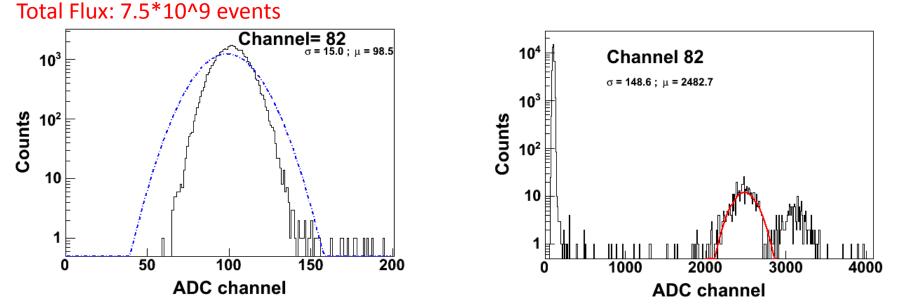
_proton_14: 9.6.2012, 00:20, HighIntensity

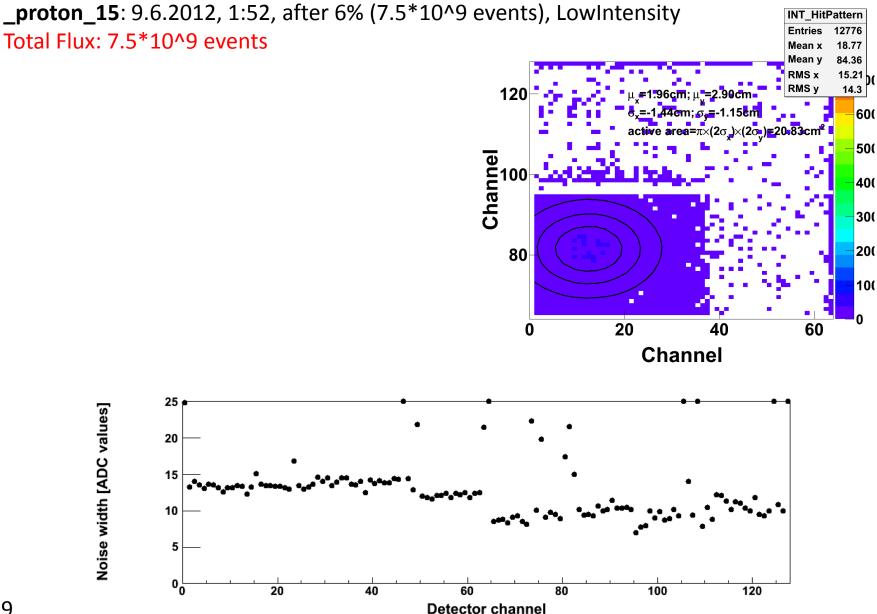
Total Flux: 5*10^9 events





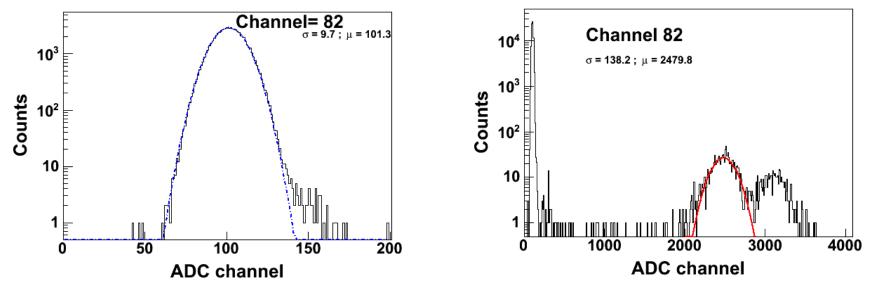
_proton_15: 9.6.2012, 1:52, after 6% (7.5*10^9 events), LowIntensity

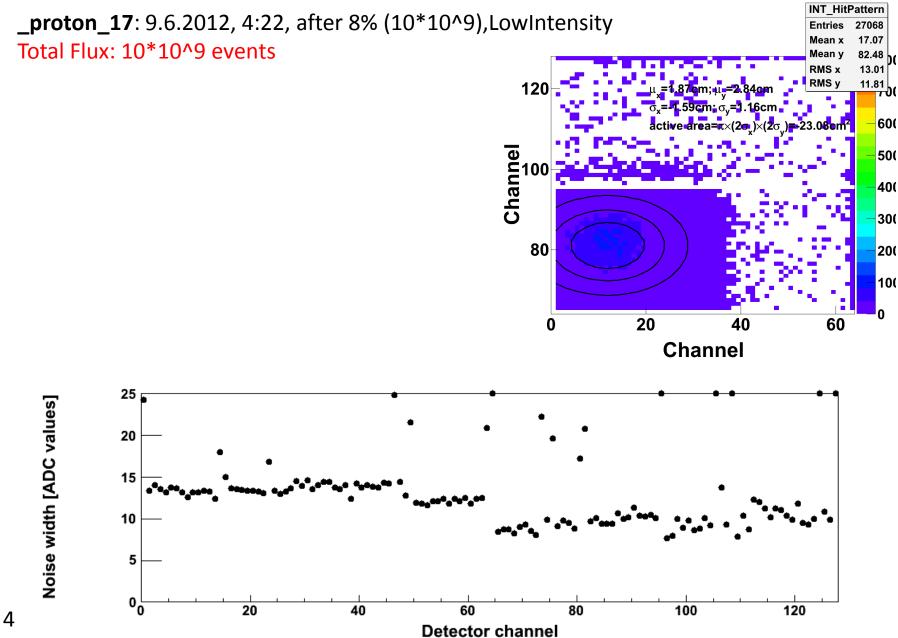




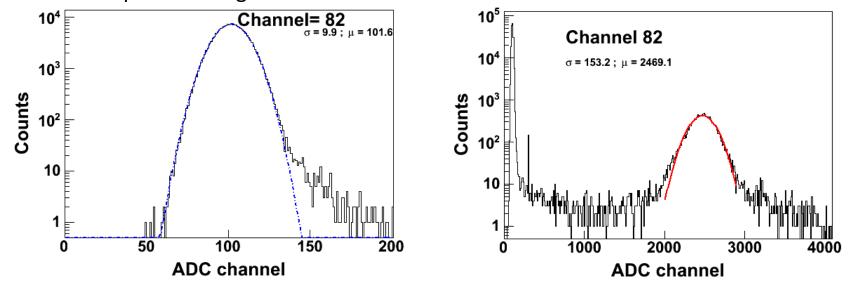
_proton_17: 9.6.2012, 4:22, after 8% (10*10^9), LowIntensity

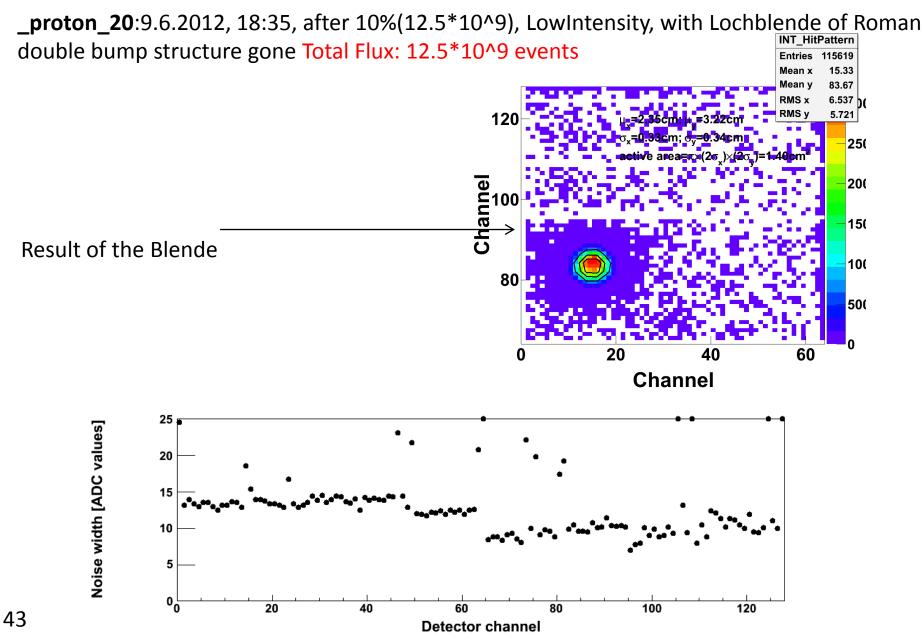






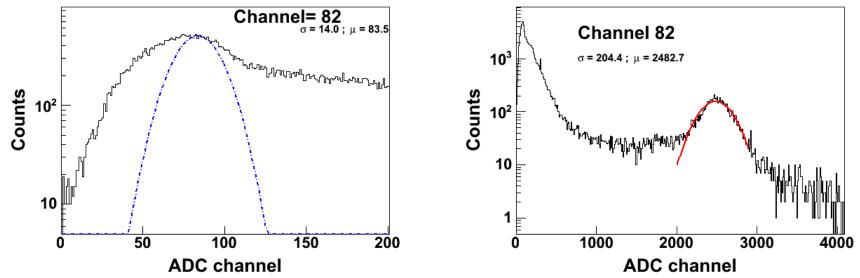
_proton_20:9.6.2012, 18:35, after 10%(12.5*10^9), LowIntensity, with Lochblende of Roman double bump structure gone Total Flux: 12.5*10^9 events





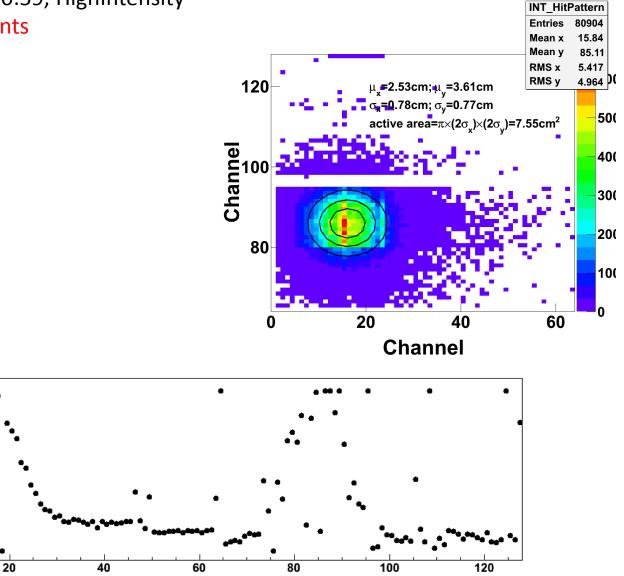
_proton_26: 10.6.2012, 00:59, HighIntensity

Total Flux: 12.5*10^9 events



Detector channel

_proton_26: 10.6.2012, 00:59, HighIntensity Total Flux: 12.5*10^9 events



Noise width [ADC values]

50

40

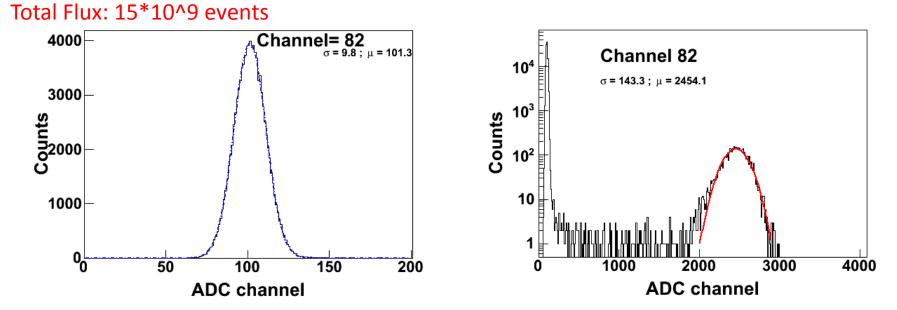
30

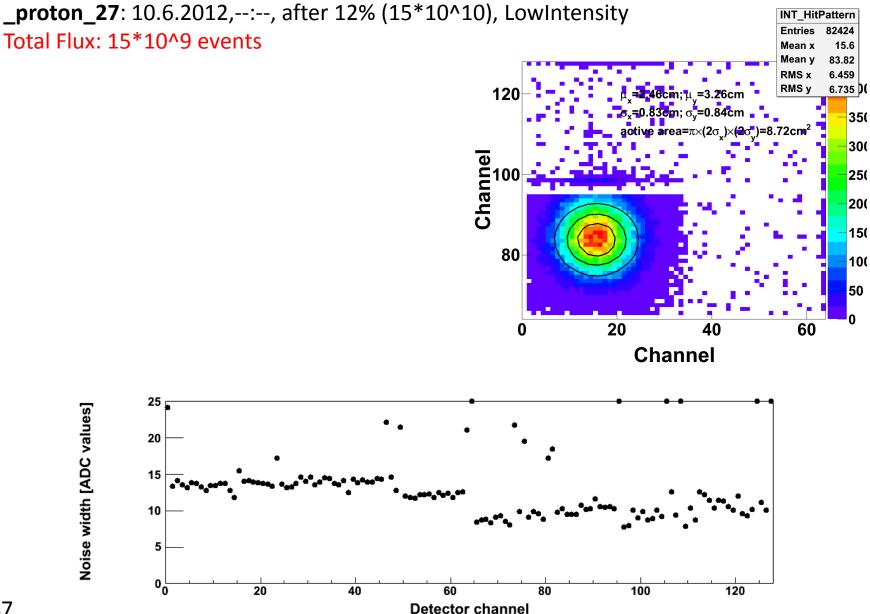
20

10

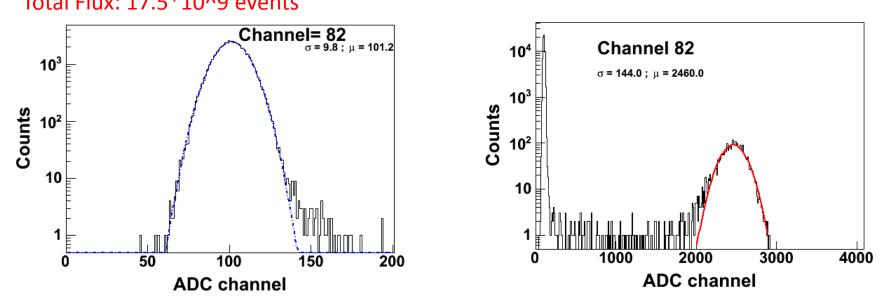
0

_proton_27: 10.6.2012,--:-, after 12% (15*10^10), LowIntensity

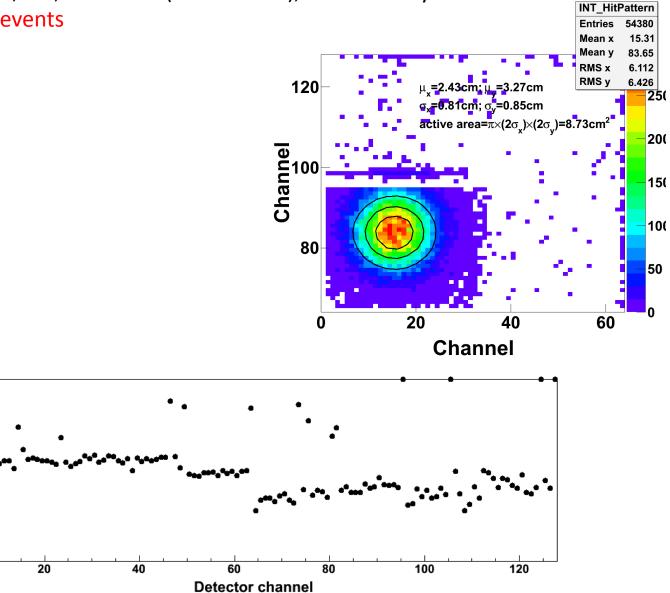




_proton_28: 10.6.2012,--:-, after 14% (17.5*10^10), LowIntensity Total Flux: 17.5*10^9 events



_proton_28: 10.6.2012,--:-, after 14% (17.5*10^10), LowIntensity Total Flux: 17.5*10^9 events



Noise width [ADC values]

25

20

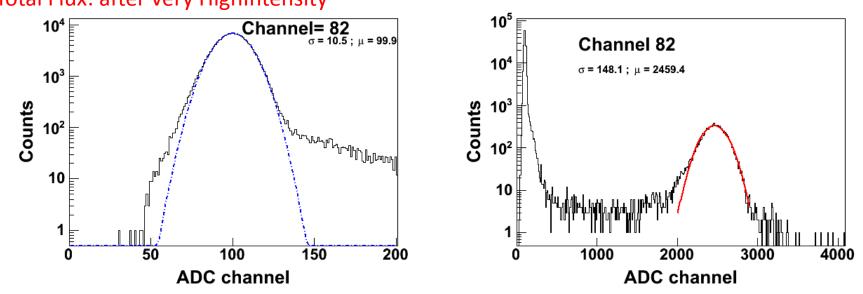
15

10

5

0₀

_proton_29: 10.6.2012,--:-, after very HighIntensity run, LowIntensity Total Flux: after very HighIntensity



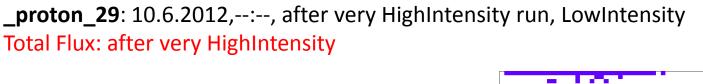
INT_HitPattern

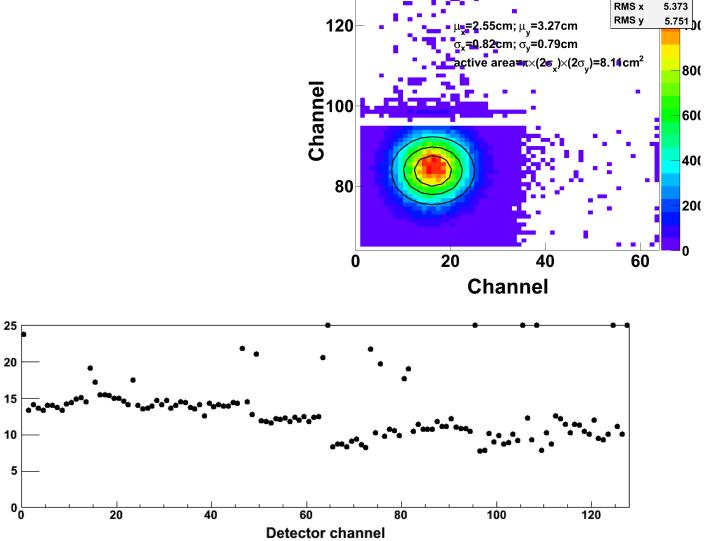
Entries 196029 Mean x

Mean y

15.86

83.61





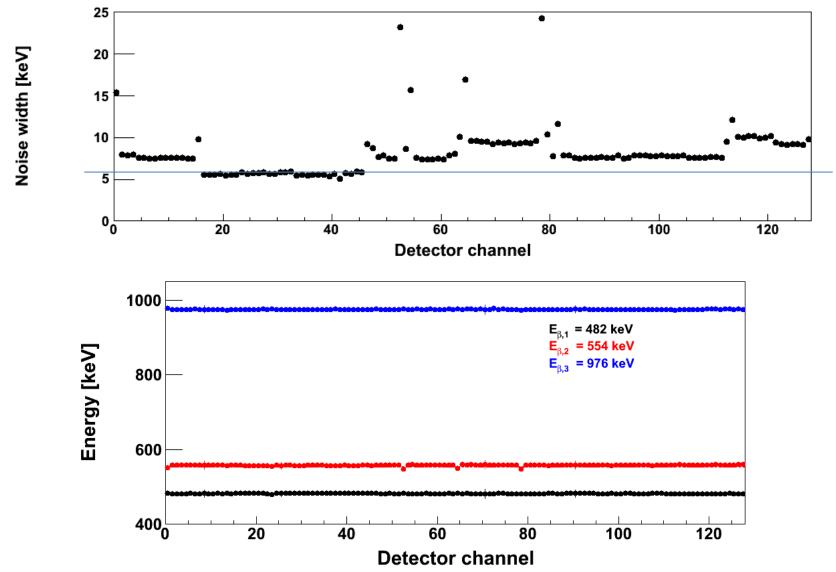
Noise width [ADC values]

Average size of active area

File	Active area [cm ²]
_proton_05	8.34
_proton_14	7.71
_proton_26	7.55
_proton_27	8.72
_proton_28	8.73
_proton_29	8.11
Average	8.19

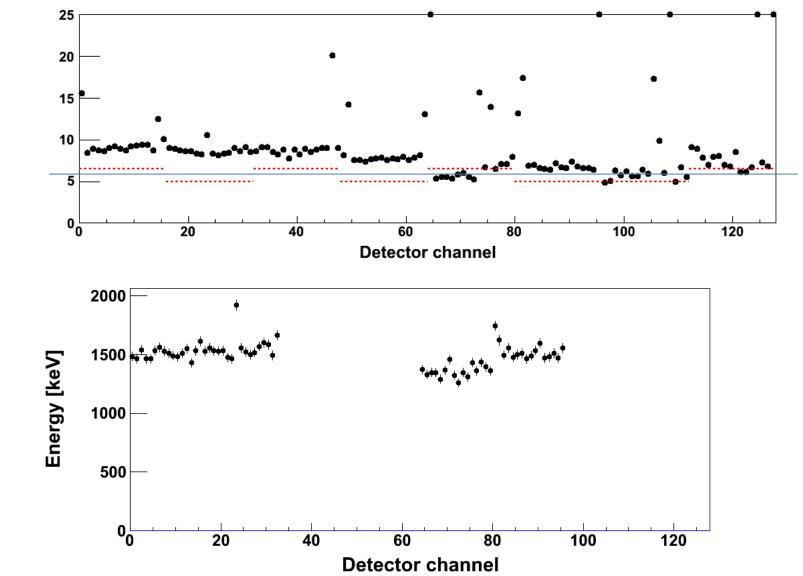
Signal and Noise after calibration

Noise spectrum from old bismut measurement 2814_25_all.root. The setup was different, for example shorter kapton tapes and different kind of preamplifiers and shapers!



Signal and Noise after calibration

_proton_05: 8.6.2012, 11:35; beam positioned, Intensity between High- and LowIntensity, Total Flux: 0.0; Calibration done with old bismut measurement



Noise width [keV]

Signal and Noise after calibration

_proton_05: 8.6.2012, 11:35; beam positioned, Intensity between High- and LowIntensity, Total Flux: 0.0; artificial decrease Slope parameter by 0.85

